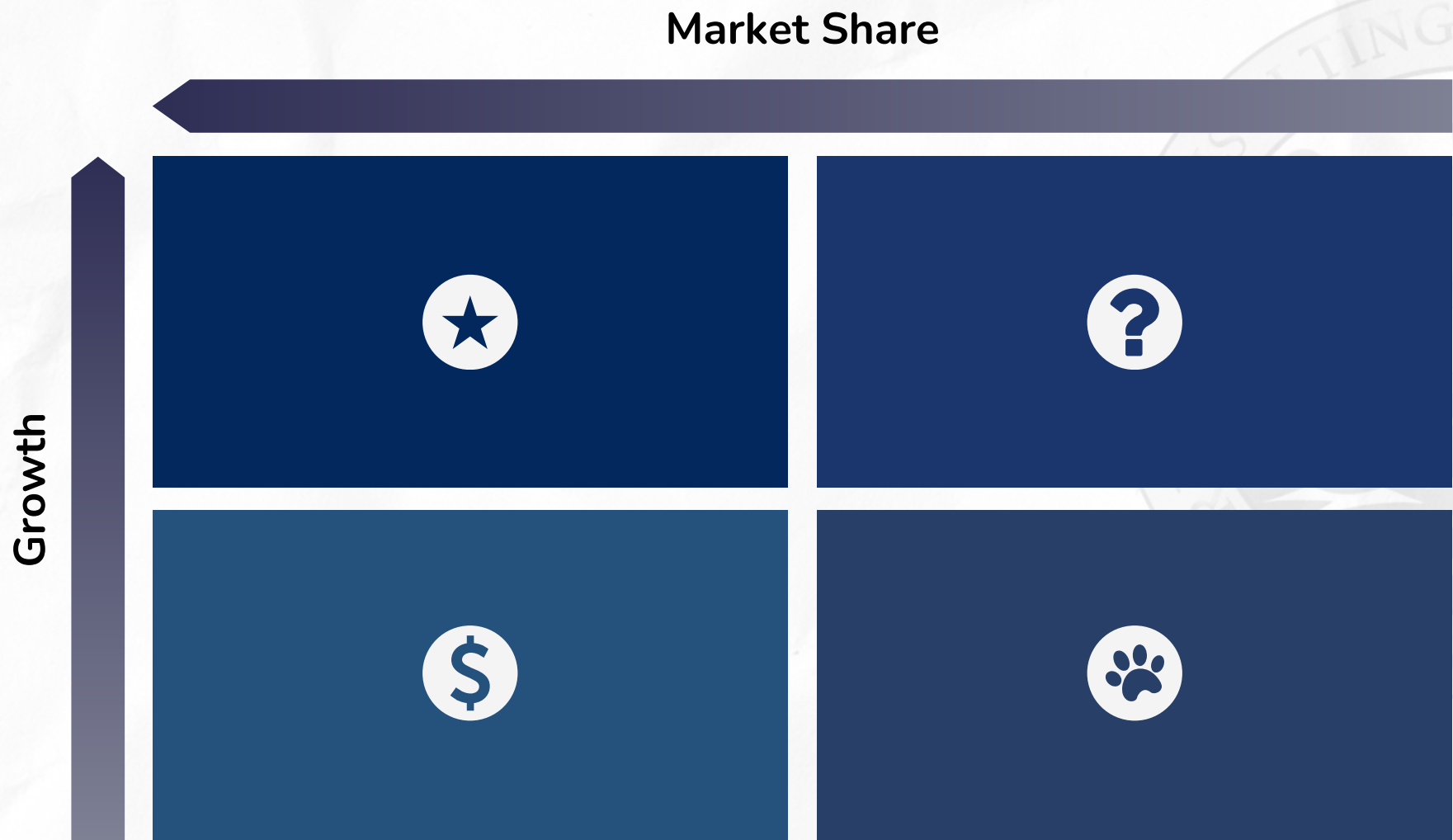




# BCG MATRIX

STRATEGIC BUSINESS PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

The BCG Matrix helps evaluate a company’s product lines or business units based on their **market growth rate** and **relative market share** to guide resource allocation and strategic decision-making. The framework categorises them into **Stars, Cash Cows, Question Marks, or Dogs**.



Quadrant	Description	Strategic Action
Stars	High market growth, high share. Need investment to maintain lead.	Build / Invest aggressively
Cash Cows	Low growth, high share. Steady revenue, fund other units.	Hold / Maximize profit
Question Marks	High growth, low share. Potential to become Stars or fail. Risky bets.	Build selectively / Re-evaluate
Dogs	Low growth, low share. Weak position. Often unprofitable.	Divest / Liquidate / Reposition

Competitive benchmarking

Corporate portfolio planning

M&A decisions

Startup pivots and product launches

WHERE IS BCG USED?

### MARKET GROWTH RATE

The rate at which the specific industry/segment is expanding annually.

- >10% → High growth (typically)
- <10% → Low growth or mature market

### RELATIVE MARKET SHARE

$\frac{\text{Company's Market Share}}{\text{Market Share of Largest Competitor}}$

- >1.0 → Dominant market share
- <1.0 → Lower market share than competitor

### KEY AXES IN THE BCG MATRIX



# Amazon's Key Business Units

A global view of Amazon's core businesses based on growth, market share, and future potential.

